

1. The Easter Bunny story began in Germany.

This is **True** – letter **Y**

Although this is true, the actual history of the story is a bit of a mystery. According to some sources, the Easter Bunny first arrived in the USA in the 1700s with German people who settled there, so it seems likely that Germany is where the tradition started.

2. The UK's first chocolate egg was produced in Bristol in 1873

This is **True** – letter **O**

Cadburys invented a chocolate that could be moulded into smooth shapes in the 19th century & produced them for the first time at their Bristol site.

3. Easter Sunday is always on the same date each year.

This is **False** – letter **U**

Easter is a moveable feast but always between 22nd March and 25th April. Easter Sunday is on the Sunday after the first full moon following the vernal equinox which is the beginning of spring in the northern hemisphere.

4. The Sunday before Easter Sunday is called Coconut Sunday

This is **False** – letter **A**

The Sunday before Easter Sunday is called '*Palm Sunday*' because it remembers the day when Jesus came into Jerusalem riding on a donkey and the people laid palm branches before him to honour him as their king.

5. Easter Island is a real place near the country of Chile.

This is **True** – letter **R**

6. The world's largest chocolate Easter egg was over 10 Metres tall.

This is **True** – letter **E**

7. More than 1½ million Cadbury Creme Eggs are produced every day.

This is **True** – write the letter **A**

8. Malteser Bunnies are made of cheese.

This is **False** – write the letter **N**

Made of chocolate and a favourite Easter treat.

9. Bunnies (baby rabbits) are born without fur

This is **True** – letter **E**

Most rabbits have some fur by 7 days old & a thick layer of fur by 12 days.

10. The smallest egg is laid by an ostrich.

This is **False** – letter **A**

The smallest bird egg is laid by the bee hummingbird, native to Cuba; the Ostrich is a large bird that lays the largest eggs – up to 15cm or 6 inches long.

11. Baby rabbits are called Pups.

This is **False** – letter **S**

Baby Rabbits are called 'kittens'

12. 'FABERGE' eggs are famous eggs made from gold and jewels.

This is **True** – letter **T**

A Fabergé egg is a jewelled egg created by the jewellery firm House of Fabergé, in Saint Petersburg, Russia. As many as 69 were created, of which 57 survive today. Virtually all were manufactured under the supervision of Peter Carl Fabergé between 1885 and 1917. They are worth millions of £.

13. The Cross is an important Easter symbol for Christians.

This is **True** – letter **E**

The cross is at the heart of the Christian faith symbolising forgiveness, hope and new life, amongst other things. 'Good Friday' at the start of the Easter holiday weekend is the day that Jesus was 'crucified' / executed on a Roman cross.

14. Egg decorating began in the country of Ukraine.

This is **True** – letter **R**

In Ukraine, people began the practice of "writing" the eggs, called *pysanky*. They adorned them with symbols such as the sun, a triangle, or lines that encircle the egg. They were kept in homes, given to friends, or even buried in the fields. It's likely the idea was to connect to the "magic" of the egg to protect the family, banish evil, and insure spring's return.

When Christianity came to Ukraine in the 10th century, the people melded old and new traditions, and egg decorating soon became associated with Easter, which also focuses on resurrection."

15. You can only eat Chocolate, you can't drink it.

This is **False** – write the letter **E**

Hot chocolate is a delicious DRINK made from chocolate

16. The poppy is the official flower of Easter.

This is **False** – letter **X**

The official flower of Easter is the white lily. Lillies are often associated with times of mourning for people we have loved and lost; in the Christian tradition, Easter is the time that the death & resurrection of Jesus is remembered & celebrated.

The poppy is the flower that symbolises 'remembrance' in November in the UK each year, encouraging people to remember those who have given their lives for their country during wars.

17. In Germany, it is illegal to dance on Good Friday

This is **True** – letter **P**

Yes, it may seem bizarre to you, but on Good Friday it is illegal to dance in public for the entire day in 12 out of Germany's 16 federal states. The remaining four enforce partial bans, meaning that nowhere in the country are your dance moves going to be particularly welcomed.

18. Hot cross buns help us remember Shrove Tuesday.

This is **False** – write the letter **E**

Shrove Tuesday is otherwise known as 'Pancake Day' and is celebrated at the start of 'Lent' in February each year. Pancakes are eaten, NOT hot cross buns on Shrove Tuesday. Hot Cross Buns are an Easter food.

19. The holiday was named after the Anglo-Saxon Goddess, Eostre.

This is **True** – letter **R**

The origin of the English word Easter is a bit uncertain but its likely it came from the Anglo-saxon goddess of spring and fertility called 'Eostre' or 'Eostrae'.

20. Christians believe Jesus came back to life on Easter Sunday.

This is **True** – letter **T**

The belief that Jesus miraculously defeated death and came back to life on the Sunday after he was executed on a Roman cross, is at the heart of the Christian faith. The Bible, the Christian's holy book, gives details about these events and contains the testimony of many witnesses.